PARIS, October 30.-2st Army has gained new successes in the encircling of Guise, according

Gen. Debeney's Guise, the French have progressed east of Monceau-le-Neuf and captured prisoners.

to the official statement from the war effice today.

North of Guise it has taken the PARIS, October 29.—In an advance west of Banogne, northeast of Laon, the French today took 850 prisoners, according to the war office announce-

YANKEES DOWN 18 HUN AVIATORS: TROOPS BETTER THEIR POSITIONS

NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, October were shot down during the day by American aviators. Five American machines were lost in carrying out important reconnaissance missions. The artillery fire on the Verdun front was heavy today, and there was much machine gun fire as well west of the Meuse, especially north of St. Juvin.

While protecting the America combers this afternoon Capt. James A. Meissner of Brooklyn, N. Y., downed a fokker in the region of Bantheville, making his score up to the present eight machines. Lieut. Samuel Kaye of Columbus Mission. the present eight machines. Lieut. Samuel Kaye of Columbus, Miss., also

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY positions in the region of Aincreville and east of the Meuse today. The artillery was very active on both sides, the Germans using heavy guns from various parts of the front, shelling very shot down during the day by were shot down during the day by daily occurrence.

enemy batteries around Bois L'Ecurey, Reville and Chaumont. The Germans also shelled Bantheville and Cunel. Fires burned most of the day in the neighborhood of Dun, Andre, Evame

their positions in the Grandpre sector. downed a fokker in the region of St. firmly establishing themselves on the Georges. This was Kaye's fourth southern edges of Bourgogne wood, agrial victory.

Talma and Bellejoyeuse farm in no man's land.

HUNS INTENSIFY RESISTANCE ALL ALONG WESTERN FRONT

BY PAUL AYRES ROCKWELL.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Ocober 30.—The Germans are intensifying their resistance all along the front and exhibit a tendency to couner attack wherever unusual activity is displayed by the allied forces. The German command, evidentyl expecting another of Marshal Foch's heavy blows, does not desire to be caught napping at any point in the battle. Meanwhile Gen. Gouraud's poilus continue to gain ground upon the plateau east of the Aisne, pushing the enemy

enemy. Unusual patrol and artillery activity on the part of the Germans, especially around the famous Hart-mannsweillerkopf, has been noticed. mannswellierkopf, has been noticed.

Reports show that the German armies are suffering from a grave shortage of under officers. Many of these men, who were marvelously trained and probably the greatest source of discipline in the enemy ranks, have been sacrificed in the course of the various German retreats being left with the rear survival. course of the various German re-treats, being left with the rear guards to protect with machine guns the with-drawal of the main body of the troops. The under officers performed their mission well, almost invariably holding until death, but their loss is severe blow to the German com

farther away from Vousieres and by the capture of Ambly and Fleury village making the evacuation of Rethel by the Germans probable.

"Gen. Mangin's army, assaulting the "Zahlenstellung," is meeting with desperate resistance from a numerous tion was left behind.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY AT THE FRONT, October 30.—The stability of the front must not be misvaling to the armies moved to fast last week that even the very efficient transportation was left behind.

ALLIED TROOPS HAMMER ENEMY, NOTWITHSTANDING PEACE TALK

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, October 30.-While a great portion of enemy to the northeast. he allied countries' civil population

ars to be following the political negotiations in progress regarding an advanced elements had occupied Joyarinistice with more interest than the
military operations, the allied soldiers
are continuing the war with vigor,
exhibiting daily that heroic spirit
which is all the greater because of
the prevailing peace talk.

All along the western front the almidd fighters are making prodigious are progressing normally, but farther south firm German resistance was encountered.

All of the Dise, and by noon the
advanced elements had occupied Joygers of the legal advisory board, who
will furnish free legal aid to the older
registrants. Chairman Justin Morrill
Chamberlin is at work on the schedule
of legal stations. The places and hours
will be largely the same as used recently with the nineteen to thirty-six
registrants.

Physical examinations of class 1 men
will begin in earnest Monday at No. 1
truck house, New Jersey avenue between D and E streets northwest.

fensive positions where the enemy deems himself solidly installed, and by

German armies shows, however, that the war must yet be won on the battiefield and not in political cabinets.
Gen. Debeney's army, continuing its assaults in liaison with the British, has captured Courumelles, Laferte-Chevrisis and Montceau, southeast of

The Evening Star and News. Copyright, 1918.

St. Quentin, and is hammering down the enemy wall in that region. The Heron was crossed by infantry elements, who are closing in support the On Sunday morning at dawn opera-tions began again along the entire front east of the Oise, and by noon the advanced elements had occupied Joy-

the success of their entires are the success of their entires are the success of the German leaders nearer to the point of accepting fully the allied peace conditions.

The determined resistance of the German armies shows, however, that german armies shows, however, that gains. Gen. Gouraud's men continue continue the displacement of the displa clearing the terrain between the Aisne

Accused of Hoarding Sugar and of

Perjury in Attempt to Obtain

Additional Allowance.

A 7th street grocer will be given a hearing at the local food administra-

tion this afternoon on charges of hoarding sugar and of perjury in attempting to obtain an additional sugar allowance.

Confiscated by Officials.

In the meantime 1,100 pounds of sugar

which was hidden in various parts of

the building occupied by this dealer as

store and dwelling has been confiscated

by the sugar division of the local ad-

This dealer appeared at the sugar

division this morning and turned in

canning pledges calling for seventy-

five pounds of sugar which he wanted

redeemed for sugar certificates. He

times during the month in order

Inspector Sent to Store.

Becoming suspicious, the superin-

tendent of the sugar division told the

merchant to "wait around for a little

while," and in the meantime he dis-

patched an inspector to make an in-

vestigation. At the lunchroom in ques-

tion the latter learned that the grocer

had actually borrowed about twenty

pounds of sugar, but not seventy-five pounds, as claimed by him. At the latter's place of business 100 pounds was found in various nooks about the

store, while in a room on the second floor a little more than 1,000 pounds was discovered.

250 AUTOISTS APPREHENDED.

Police Active in Enforcing Regula-

tions for Parking Cars.

Enforcement of the regulations as

business section of the city the past

two days has resulted in charges

SHOWS AUSTRIA'S GROCER GETS HEARING TODAY ON TWO CHARGES DESPERATE PLIGHT

Andressy's Latest Note Taken to Indicate Exhaust

COMMENT BY PARIS PRESS

of Power.

By the Associated Press, PARIS, October 30.—The second note of Count Julius Andrassy, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, to President Wilson is interpreted as evidence that Austria is in a desperate plight and has exhausted her powers of re-

The Danubian monarchy seeks an redeemed for sugar certificates. He would not have become entangled and his hoarded supply unearthed if he had not been so persistent when he was told that it was not necessary to redeem the pledges because the canning and preserving season was practically over.

He protested, saying that his store was entirely out of sugar, and that he already owed a nearby lunchroom seventy-five pounds of sugar which had been loaned to him at various times during the month in order that issue all the more promptly because it Rhine by its defection and the desire of vengeance which inspires the Berlin cabinet," says the Petit Parisien and other newspapers. Other writers strike a note of caution.

Urges Latitude for Entente Forces.

"It is essential that entente troops have every latitude in occupying regions the inhabitants of which expect from us the fulfillment of so s. It is also essential that in promises. It is also essential that in the event of Germany not accepting our conditions for an armistice the territory of the monarchy shall not astitute an obstacle to our military perations," says the Matin. Lieut. Col. De Thomasson, in the Petit Journal, says:

Petit Journal, says:

"Proposals for an armistice presented separately by Germany and Austria-Hungary place the allied governments in the presence of a delicate problem. We must decide to which of the two powers we shall first state our conditions. The solution which is adopted will evidently not modify the issue of the war, but may have the effect of lengthening hostilities."

Predicts Surrender Without Delay. PARIS, October 29 (Havas).—The krbeiter Zeitung of Vienna declares that Jermany and Austria-Hungary will apitulate without delay.

WILL SEND SEPARATE NOTE.

Germans in Austria Form a Pro-

visional Government.

PARIS, October 29 (Havas).—The executive committee of the German parties in Austria has formed a provisional government, according to a dispatch from Vienna, and has decided to send a separate note to Present Wilson.

State of the German practically all of them forfeited their collaterals in Police ourt. A number of policemen are especially detailed withdraw.

The German authorities in the German withdraw.

The German authorities in t

CALLS RESTORED

Put Back on Books for Men in District, With New Entrainment Dates.

HEAVY NOVEMBER LISTS

trainment dates. These calls are but but the forerunner of requisitions during November, which probably will be among the heaviest ever made on the National Capital in any one month.

Tomorrow seventy-five limited serv. ice white registrants, drawn largely from the August 24 registration of from the August 24 registration of twenty-one-year-olds, will be sent to Bliss Electrical School, Takoma Park, D. C., for special training. The men have been picked for several weeks, and have been "marking time" on ac-coint of the epidemic ban. Tomorrow also will see fifteen colored regis-trants qualified for general military service entrained for Norfolk, Va., where they will go aboard ship as where they will go aboard ship as

Will Go to Florida.

The first detachment of white Dis-trict men to be sent to Fort Dade, Fla., will be entrained November 11. Fla., will be entrained November 11, the new date set for this call. The men will be registrants qualified for general military service.

On the same date 150 white registrants, qualified for general military service, will be sent to Camp Greenleaf, Ga. This will be the second time local men have been sent to this camp.

Local draft officials today predicted that the District will have completed its classification and physical examinations of all class 1 men of the September registration between the ages of nine-

sioner Brownlow as to the best methods of putting every ounce of push possible into the work of the boards, the progress chart hanging in Maj. D. J. Donovan's office showed that the boards are rushing the grading of the registrants en nineteen and thirty-six years

the classification completed. The standing of the boards today follows: No. 1, 60 per cent; No. 2, 60 per cent; No. 3, 60 per cent; No. 4, 90 per cent; No. 5, 60 per cent; No. 6, 60 per cent; No. 7, 90 per cent; No. 8, 90 per cent; No. 9, 60 per cent; No. 10, 30 per cent; No. 11, 90 per cent.

Capt. James J. Kilroy, medical aid of the local selective service head-quarters, has sent to local boards an elaborate schedule of examinations. Beginning Monday morning at 9 o'clock there will be three examination periods a day, 100 registrants to be examined in each period. Local board for division No. 1 will have the first period, from 9 a.m. to 12 m. Board No. 2 will have the second period from 2 to 5 o'clock p.m. Board

Approximately 10,000 class 1 men will pass through the examination "mill" in that time, allowing 100 men for each of the ninety-nine separate examination periods. These figures would seem to indicate that about 50 per cent of the 22,000 registrants between the ages of nineteen and thirty-six will have been placed in the initial class in the draft here. If this suppose in the draft here. If this suppose is correct it denotes an unusual. sition is correct it denotes an unusual

lay have been set to include examina tion periods for registrants between tion periods for registrants between the ages of thirty-seven to forty-five years who will be classified during No-vember. In that case the percentage of men being placed in class 1 will not be as large as indicated above.

INFLUENZA CONTINUES TO INCREASE IN ARMY

roads-Camp Cody, Texas, Reports Most New Cases.

fluenza and pneumonia continued to show a slight increase in Army camps over the country, particularly in camps where new increments are arriving. Reports received last night at the surgeon general's office for the twen ty-four-hour period ending at noon yesterday show that new cases of in fluenza numbered 2,860 against 2,834 for the previous day, while there was a marked increase in new pneumonia cases, 619 being reported against 431 for Monday. Deaths totaled 198 against 188 the day before. Camp Cody, Tex., again reported the highest number of influenza cases.

UKRAINIAN TROOPS SENT

Plan Occupying Territory Given in Huns Withdraw.

PARIS, October 80 (Havas),-Gen Journal des Debats, has sent three

MT CESEN MENT BASSANO

WHERE ALLIES ARE DRIVING IN ITALY.

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS.

AMERICAN.

On the Verdun front there has been heavy artillery and machine gun fire today west of the Meuse, especially in the region north of St. Juvin.

With more favorable weather conditions there has been increased aerial activity on the front of the list Army throughout the day. Our pursuit squadrons engaged the enemy in numerous combats, in the course of which eighteen enemy airplanes were shot down. Five of our machines did not return. Our aviators also carried out important reconnections.

Authorized nave pushed to the left of the Monticono.

Numerous guns have been captured frou four thousand of the prisoners taken yesterday have reached concentration places. Others still are on the left bank of the Plave.

On the Verdun front there has been in front of the Monticono.

Numerous guns have been captured four thousand of the prisoners taken yesterday have reached concentration places. Others still are on the left bank of the Plave.

On the Monticono.

Numerous guns have been captured four thousand of the prisoners taken yesterday have reached concentration places. Others still are on the left bank of the Plave.

On the left of the Monticono.

Numerous guns have been captured four thousand of the prisoners taken yesterday have reached concentration places. Others still are on the left bank of the Plave.

On the left of the Monticono.

Numerous guns have pushed to the Monticono.

Numerous guns have been captured four thousand of the prisoners taken yesterday have reached concentration places. Others still are on the left bank of the Plave.

October 30.—Apart from patrol en-counters in which we made progress and secured a few prisoners, there is made by us this morning northeast of Englefontaine we made prisoners of more than seventy Germans and in-flicted heavy casualties on the enemy," says Field Marshal Haig's com-munication of this evening dealing with the operations in France.

A local attack attempted by the enemy north of Famars was re-

munication. "Monday night we a tacked the Badischer soda factory Mannheim and the railways at Treves and Saarbrucken. The railway junc-tions of Longuyon, Ecouvies and Thipnyille also were attacked, with excellent results. "Tuesday the railway junction of Longuyon and the airdrome at Jamets were attacked."

Neuf, taking prisoners. raids without any results. undertook today a new advance on a front of twelve kilometers between St. Quentin-le-Petit and Herpy. The battle is being fought with mag-nificent spirit on our side and great stubbornness on the part of the en-

stubbornness on the part of the enemy, who has orders to halt us at any price.

On our left, in spite of an abundance of machine gunners, who tried to check our advance, we succeeded in passing beyond St. Quentin-le-Petit and carried our line to the neighborhood of Hill 137.

West of Banogne we also made progress. In the center our troops have repulsed the enemy beyond the road of Recouvrange-St. Ferveux over a width of three kilometers. noitering machines have pressed very far into the enemy zone and brought back hundreds of photographs, many of them being taken between thirty and fifty kilometers from the front. Nine enemy planes were downed or fell out of control. A captive balloon was set on fire.

During the night our bombing squadrons dropped sixteen tons of

ing the enemy northward, has reached the front of Stragari, the Raka river and Resava, twenty kilometers north of Kraguievatz and taken several

hundred prisoners and guns and machine guns.

In the direction of Ujice and the frontier of Herzogovina Serbian advance elements have reached the pass west of Cacak. Jugo-Slav units erating in Montenegro have pas beyond Ipek and Diakovo."

BRITISH IN ITALY.

ITALIAN.

October 29 (night).—The enemy, attacked frontally by the 8th and 12th armies, and threatened on his flank by the 10th Army, has been forced to abandon the heights on the left bank of the Piave, and, hard pressed by our troops, is retreating.

Several more villages have been liberated. Closely following the enemy, who blew up the bridges across the Montciano, we have entered Conegliano.

When death claimed him.

News of the death was conveyed in a letter to the wife, written by a brother officer. The letter states that Twaddle not only showed a peouliar ability in the line of work for which he had been chosen, but also that he inspired his messmates more easily to overcome the trials and tribulations of their own share in the conflict. Conegliano.

two days of glorious fighting on the heights along the Treviso-Odersa

supplies the left was expected.

AMSTERDAM, Tuesday, October 22.—
When the German retirement in Belgian Flanders began it was expected that 250,000 refugees would seek safety in Holland. Up till-Baturday night, however, only a small fraction of this number had arrived. At that time about 7,000 had passed through is 4,906 arrived. All but thirteen were French people from the districts of Valenciennes, Doual, Cambrai and Quesnoy.

There is no congestion, as in 1914, thurn the mass of refugees from Belgian Flanders of the mass of refugees from Belgian There is no congestion, as in 1914, thurn the mass of refugees from Belgian Panders of the mass of refugees from Belgian Flanders began is was expected at the continue united until the galant flanders began in the four differences with an other security of the patients make complete refuse that estilemnt in the interest of particulars in the four differences with an other security of the patients make complete refuse that estilemnt in the interest of valenciennes, Doual, Cambrai and Quesnoy.

There is no congestion, as in 1914, thurn threatend to over the preceding twee four-hour period, the number of acases showed a decrease of 123 on the period ending at new security of cases showed a decrease of cases showed a decrease of 123 on the period ending at new period ended at noon.

Whille this was an increase of cases showed a decrease of 123 on the period ending the patients was expected the results of the period ending at new period ended at noon.

Surgen Mustard this means of the week served at the results of particulars in the case of the period ending at new period ended at noon.

Surgen Mustard this means of the precise we must have not the stand of the stand of the period ended at noon.

When the mass of the precise of the source of the period ended at noon.

The surgent was the precise of the precise of the precise of the p October 29-The situation generally is unchanged.
From October 14 to October 27 the total number of prisoners taken by the armies in Flanders was 18,293, inthe armies in Flanders was 18,375, including 331 officers.

The amount of captured material is so great that it is impossible as yet to count it. In the period from October 14 to October 27 509 guns were taken, of which the Belgians captured 247 and the British 211. Over 1,200 machine guns were taken during that time. when the mass of refugees from Bel-gium threatened to overwhelm the hurriedly organized bands of willing that time.
Of the prisoners captured 7,362 were taken by the British and 5,577 by the French. With the 12,000 prisoners taken from September 28 to October 14 the total number of prisoners.

provinces of Holland.

So far there have been two main streams, some thirty miles apart. One point of entry is where the Dutch provinces of Brabant and Limbourg meet, and the other is across the Meuse river into Maastricht, the capital of Limbourg province. At these points the fugitives are registered by the military authorities and must undergo a physical examination.

The spectacle of the weary, travelstained war victims toiling through

braved the inclement weather in wheelbarrows pushed by the more ablebodied. The bundles of possessions carried by the refugees included birds in cages, chickens, rabbits and

GEORGE TWADDLE DIES AT NAVAL TRAINING BASE

Acting Pay Clerk in Navy Leaves Wife in Washington-Praise From Brother Officer.

oners captured in the month exceeds

GERMAN.

October 29 (night).—Between Nizy le Comte and the Aisne very violent French attacks this afternoon failed. Day.—In the Lys lowlands we repuised partial attacks of the enemy near Olsene. Strong enemy detachments which attempted to cross to the east bank of the Scheldt northwest of Conde were thrown back by a counter attack. South of the Scheldt strong British attacks near Famars temporarily penetrated our line.

An infantry regiment under Capt. Proussep threw back the enemy com-

Proussep threw back the enemy com-

Oise canal between Etreux and Les

artillery activity revived intermit-



GEORGE TWADDLE

Word has just been received here of the death from pneumonia October 2, at a naval training base some where abroad, of Acting Pay Clerk George Twaddle, U. S. N. The officer, who was a native of Illinois, made his home at 41% O street southwest. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Mary Mills of this city.

Pay Clerk Twaddle enlisted in the Navy eight years ago and was, consequently, a veteran in service when the United States entered the war. He rose by merit to the rank he held when death claimed him.

"He gave his all that liberty and justice might live upon this earth," concludes the missive.

WEARY REFUGEES SEEKING HOLLAND

SCALE DE MILES

ALGAREDA

Democratic Congress Will

Be Heeded by the Voters.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE.

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onfident that the American people

Tuesday. In surveying the situation

with his advisers today, the President

expressed himself as well pleased

with the reports from different parts

of the country evidencing a desire to

Cue to President Wilson.

That is exactly the position which resident Wilson has taken, and it is

represent the convictions of the re-publicans who will control the repub-lican majorities in the event of their success at the polls. The President made it plain to his callers today that

the people are voting this time for or against a certain kind of leadership.

No Thought of Third Term.

The President has no thought of continuing in the presidency after 1920, as some partisan critics have suggested. He would be satisfied if his labors could end today. His energy and strength have been sapped by the extraordinary responsibilities placed upon his shoulders, and those who know him best say that if Mr. Wilson can see a just peace made in the last two years of his term he will feel that he has done all that he can possibly do in public service. Mr. Wilson wants a democratic Congress only because he feels he can work out the program of peace along the ideas he has outlined in his public speeches. He doesn't think he will have that opportunity with the republican lead-

opportunity with the republican lead-ership, for the chairmanship of the Senate foreign affairs committee would pass to Senator Lodge, who rep-resents conceptions of foreign policy

Wants Country to Decide.

he European war.

Sufferers From Privations

Relief Plans Completed.

This time the stream began to trickle in slowly. At first several hundreds arrived each day, but the number now has increased to thousands. However, there has been time to organize at all frontier centers of the Dutch provinces of Brabant and Limbourg food depots in charge of committees co-operating with the Dutch Red Cross. Doctors and nurses also were sent to the border, and they are being assisted by Sisters of Mercy from the convents in the southern provinces of Holland.

So far there have been two main streams, some thirty miles apart. One point of entry is where the Dutch provinces of Brabant and Limbourg in the result of his administration. In make this appeal to you that you have the provinces of Brabant and Limbourg in make this appeal to you that you have the president Meximum provinces of Brabant and Limbourg in make this appeal to you that you have the president Meximum provinces of Brabant and Limbourg in make this appeal to you that you have the president Meximum provinces of Brabant and Limbourg in make this appeal to you that you have the president wilson has taken, and it is disclosing no secret to say he had these speeches before him when he wrote his plea for a united country in these speeches before him when he wrote his plea for a united country in these speeches before him when he wrote his plea for a united country in these speeches he free to say he had these speeches before him when he wrote his plea for a united country in these speeches heard country in the president Wilson has taken, and it is disclosing no secret to say he had these speeches heave here a united country in these speeches heard country in the president wilson has taken, and it is disclosing no secret to say he had these speeches before him when he wrote his plea for a united country in these speeches heard country in the president wilson has taken, and it is disclosing no secret to say he had these speeches heard country in the president wilson has a president wilson has taken, and it is disclosing no secret to say he

stained war victims toiling through

the mid and rain was affecting, and the sufferings of the old and infirm men, women and children on the 150-mile tramp were intense. Most of the French civilians had been on the road a month; others, six weeks or two months. All the French spoke of the kindness of the Belgian people, who shared their food with them.

On the passage the refugees slept at night on the bundles they carried. The motley processions consisted of all classes, and a remarkable number of grandmothers of eighty or ninety braved the inclement weather in During the last two days we have shot down forty-nine enemy airplanes.

land the government last week or-dered the burgomasters of Deventer, Assen, Zutspathen and Arnhem and other provincial towns farther north to arrange to accommodate refugees to the extent of 2 per cent of the populations of the towns. To these centers the fugitives now are being taken on fourteen special trains, car-

TAX ON LIFE INSURANCE

Senate Finance Committee Ratifles Amendments to War Revenne Bill.

tax on life insurance companies in the war revenue bill The committee yesterday afternoon

adopted a new section of rates on

PRESIDENT FEELS D. C. NOW TO WAGE SURE OF SUPPORT PLAGUE WAR ALONE

Believes His Appeal for a With Epidemic Under Control U. S. Public Health Service Relinquishes Authority.

GIVES REASON FOR PLEA SERVICE STATIONS MERGE

With full assurance that the influensa epidemic that has taken its toll of nearly 1,500 lives in the District of President Wilson feels supremely Columbia in the last six weeks now is under control, the local situation will not fail him at the polls next is to be turned over to the District health officials and local physicians tomorrow.

Surgeon H. S. Mustard of the public

health service, who has co-operated with the District health efficials in retain his leadership in foreign and ombating the epidemic, annou omestic affairs through the medium this morning that the emergency of a democratic Congress during the service under his direction with headcritical months attending the close of quarters at the Webster School is to The President is not disturbed by be disbanded after today. the outcry that it was beneath his son Normal, Curtis and Van Ness lignity to issue an appeal for the sup-

schools and the emergency service for colored people at Armstrong Manual Training High School are to be con-solldated at the Webster School headort of a party. Mr. Wilson feels that port of a party. Mr. Wilson feels that he is doing no more than did President McKinley in 1838, when he campaigned for a republican Congress. The White House, for example, drew attention to speeches delivered by President McKinley himself at Creston, Iowa; Springfield, Ill., and Carroll, Iowa, on a stumping tour in the middle of October, just before the congressional elections. Mr. McKinley said at Carroll, Iowa, October 11, 1838: quarters, ander the direction of the

Decrease in New Cases

Today's report to the District health department showed only thirty deaths from influenza in the twenty-four

end of this struggle; we must have no differences among ourselves while we are settling our differences with another government. When we have made that settlemnt in the interest of justice and civilization and humanity we can resume our domestic differences."

The order of the Commissioners permitting the churches to open tomorrow will enable the communicants of the various churches to attend the weekly prayer meetings tomorrow night. All Saints' day, which occurs in the calendars of the Catholic and Protestant Episcopal churches Friday will be observed with all the ceremonies incidental to the celebration of that occasion.

The attendance of worshipers will it is said, be unusually large, due to the fact that there have been no services in any of the churches for a month.

'No Protests From Theaters.

District health authorities consider it ather remarkable that not a single rotest was received from the theater managements or the moving picture houses against the order of the Com-missioners closing their places, along with the churches and schools and other places of public gathering, nor were any efforts made by the places of amusements to have the order re-scinded at the time the moves were "In a few hours President Method at the time the moves were speeches the President has appealed not to a party, but to a national spirit. He asks the aid of a nation. He seeks the support of every man who believes in the result of his administration. I make this appeal to you that you give loyal support to President Mc-Kinley and the republican party in the spirit he has asked for it."

Policyes Issue Is Clear.

Believes Issue Is Clear.

Mr. Wilson believes the issues before the American voters were made clear by his plea. He did not impugn the patriotism of the republican party. places in the best of condition.

The managers, immediately after hearing of the order of the Commissioners rescinding the closing order of October 3, permitting them to reopen Monday next, got busy for the opening. The film supply houses, which have been idle since the show houses closed, are busy supplying the reels necessary to operate the houses.

Sterilization Proves Effective.

Statistics gathered by the Army camps, it is reported, show that where clothing, bedding, dishes and other things used by patients suffering from influenza have been properly sterilized all danger of contagion has been removed, and to the contrary where sterilization has not been followed the contagion has been communicable in very many cases. Boiling water is said to be certain death to the germs of the influenza.

The Library of Congress, which has been closed to the public during the epidemic period, was reopened today.

BLAMES CONFEREES OF HOUSE FOR INACTION

Blame for failure to reach an agreement on legislation to prevent profiteering in rents in the District of Columbia was laid upon the House conferees on the emergency agricultural appropriation bill by Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia today. "It should be distinctly understood,"

said Senator Smith, "that the Senate conferees were not wedded to the Pomerene amendment, but were willing to accet amendments thereto and modifications.

modifications.

"What the Senate conferees wanted was some kind of reasonable legislation. The House conferees absolutely refused to discuss rent-profiteering legislation in any shape whatever. The conferees therefore agreed to report a disagreement."

Senator Smith said he was not yet ready to announce what motion he would make with regard to the conference report when the Senate meets tomorrow.

WORRY GERMAN MILITARISTS

resents conceptions of foreign policy publicly expressed at recent date. He doesn't feel that he could work harmonicusly either with Senator Penrose who would become chairman of the finance committee and the man intrusted with the formulation of any tariff bills in the Senate, while Representative Fordney of Michigan, who shares Mr. Penrose's views on the protective tariff, would be chairman of the ways and means committee of the House. Decisions of Crown Council Cause Agitation in Reichstag. PARIS, October 29 (Havas) -- Extremely important decisions were taken at the meeting of the crown council held under the presider Emperor William at Berlin on Satur-

day, says a dispatch from Zurich to Le Journal.

Wants Country to Decide.

Mr. Wilson wants the country to say whether in foreign or domestic affairs they want to revoke the charter they gave the democratic party in 1916. He wants the country to say whether he shall stand before the whole world as opposed in his legislature by the majority party. Such a situation abroad would mean the resignation of the premier, who depends for his public life on the possession of a majority in his partisement or Congress. Mr. Wilson could not very well resign if his party is defeated, but that is about the feeling he would have if the people failed to give him a vote of confidence at the polls. These are not a correspondent's views. They represent those of the President of the United States as they have been unfolded to may he men who have discussed the men who have discussed the men who have discussed the new dock recently built at San Juan are such as the policy of the volcano has resulted in the destruction of the new dock recently built at San Juan are such as the policy of the volcano has resulted in the destruction of the new dock recently built at San Juan are such as the policy of the volcano has resulted in the destruction of the new dock recently built at San Juan are such as the policy of the volcano has resulted in the destruction of the new dock recently built at San Juan are such as the policy of the volcano has resulted in the destruction of the new dock recently built at San Juan are such as the policy of the volcano has prevalis in Green are sitting continuously. Considerable nervousness, it is said, prevails in German military circles as result of the decisions reached at the crown council.

The Greman givernment, it is decisioned to give him a vote of confidence at the policy of the volcano in Eruption.

tempted a local counter attack, but were repulsed. An officer and four German privates were taken prisoner.
There was fierce fighting near Belleu
wood, which the Americans hold.
The American guns replied to the

registration between the ages of nine-teen and forty-five years by January 1, the end of the "hundred days" set by Provost Marshal General Crowder for the big task.

While local board members were this afternoon in conference with Commis-sioner Brownlow as to the best methods

Standing of Boards.

Four boards now have 90 per

for ten days, beginning on a day yet to be announced. It had been hoped to begin the circulation of the manpower invoices November 1.
Simultaneous issuance of the questionnaires by the boards will place

countered.

Fighting along the front assailed by Gen. Guillaumat's army on Saturday continues extremely hard, the enemy yielding ground only when continued to the abatement of the influenza, doctors now are able to aid in the work. Schedule of Examinations. Capt. James J. Kilroy, medical aid

Board No. 2 will have the second period, from 2 to 5 o'clock p.m. Board No. 3 will examine men in the third period, from 8 to 11 o'clock p.m. Other boards will follow in turn, day after day, until December 12, which will have given each board nine examination periods.

Approximately 10,000 class 1 men will pass through the examination

position is correct it denotes an unusually high percentage of men placed in
class 1. About 35 per cent was the
national average for the men of the
June 5, 1917, registration.
There is likelihood, however, that
the examination dates announced to-

Pneumonia Also Makes Heavier In-

The number of new cases of in

TO POLISH FRONTIER

Brest-Litovsk Treaty When

Skoropadski, the Ukrainian hetman, according to a Zurich dispatch to the to the parking of automobiles in the Ukrainian divisions to the Polish frontier with the object of occupying the districts of Cholm and Podlachia

CITTADELLA CASTELFRANCO

AMERICAN.

October 29 (morning).—Artillery and machine gun fire continued heavy during the night on the front of the list Army north of Verdun, reaching particular intensity in the region of the Bois Belleu and the Bois D'Ormont.

From the remainder of the front there is nothing of importance to report.

On the Verdun front there has been two days of glorious fighting on the heights along the Treviso-Odersa railway we and our allies have taken possession of the left bank of the river. The 12th Army has taken the heights of Val Dobbiadende.

Fronch infantry has taken in assault Mont Pianar. The plain of Sernogli is in our possession. We have carried the heights of Colfosco and have entered Susegana. Advance guards have pushed to the left of the Monticono.

also carried out important recon-naissance and photographic missions.

BRITISH.

nothing to report.

December 29.—"In a successful raid Questionnaires to registrants thirtyseven to forty-five years old will be
issued by the eleven local boards of
the city simultaneously, it may be
definitely announced. Ten per cent of
definitely announced. Ten per cent of
the city simultaneously, it may be
may be
heavy attacks on the Morhange and
frescaty airdromes," says the communication. "Monday night we at-

October 30.—North of Guise we have advanced on the north bank of the Oise and captured the Beaufort farm, west of Lesquielles-St. Germain. On the right of the Peron we have made a new advance east of Monceau-le-Neuf taking prisoners. In Lorraine the Germans made two October 29 .- Between the Oise and pirited artillery actions, notably in the region of Creey-Sur-Serre. To the west of Chateau Porcien the ndefatigable troops of the 5th Army

projectiles on large railway stations and important points of concentraand important points of concentration, particularly on the railway stations of Hirson. Vervins St. Gobert,
Mont Cornet, Marle and Audun-LeRoman, and on the aviation grounds
of Mars-la-Tour and on large depots
at Provisy. Numerous fires were
started by our projectiles, namely, at
Provisy, Hirson and Marle.
Eastern front: On the Danube front
in the region of Widin and of the
Iron Gates there has been artillery
firing. The Serbian vanguard, pushing the enemy northward, has reached

October 29 .- The advance of our 10th Army continues according to plan. The enemy resistance appears to be weakening considerably. Early this morning the enemy was holding the line of the River Monticano with the line of the River Monticano with a number of machine guns. British cavalry and infantry forced a passage of this river northeast of Vazzola, making prisoner of several hundred of the enemy. The Porto Buffole aerdrome is reported to be in flames. The British raided enemy trenches opposite Asiago, but found them uncernied. occupied.

The Italian armies operating north from the Montello are making good

To the north, on the right bank of the Piave, other troops, in cooperation with those on the left bank,
have passed beyond the Calcino torrent after a brilliant struggle. Bitter fighting is taking place in the
region of Monte Grappa.

The capture of another thousand
prisoners is amnounced, and more

region of Monte Grappa.

The capture of another thousand prisoners is amounced, and more than 150 guns have been taken, many of them of medium and heavy caliber. A good part of those captured are already in action against the enemy; and honor, the municipal government of Lisbon has voted unanimously to Day—The hattle heavy on the Disc.

East of Netres partial enemy at-tacks were repulsed. The enemy con-tinues the destruction of places in and east of the Scheldt lowlands. Valenciennes also was subjected to a strong enemy fire. Attacks of the French against the quielles broke down in our concen-trated artillery fire. Weak detach-ments which advanced across the canal were thrown back by a counter to our fire.

In the Souche sector, on both sides of the Laon-Marle road, we repulsed strong attacks by the enemy.

Between the Aire and the Meuse

wheelbarrows pushed by the more ablebodied. The bundles of possessions carried by the refugees included birds in cages, chickens, rabbits and odd kitchen utensils.

Weaker Ones Perish.

The fatigues of the journey were too much for, some of the travelers. The weaker ones died on the way and a few others succumbed soon after reaching the hospitable soil of Holland. Many of the refugees are suffering from la grippe and bronchial affections. The worst cases had been given immediate assistance at the nearest hospitable and convents, but the examining physicians say that the number of sick thus far has been lower than had been anticipated.

Many pathetic incidents occurred during the march. Among the refugees reaching the Dutch border, was a young mother with the body of her breast. The babe had died foug days previously, but the mother refused to bury the body in soil held by the enemy.

An old woman of Cambrai traveled for three weeks in a chair, tied on a cart. Scarcely had she reached neutral soil when the cart overturned and the woman was killed.

To distribute the fugitives in Holland the government last week ordered the burgomasters of Deventer.

Meaker Ones Perish.

The individual republican congress-men will be guided, he contends, when they reach Congress by republican leaders, just as the democratic leadership.

The President has the democratic leadership.

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The President congress by republican congress-men will be guided, he contends, when they reach Congress by republican congress.

The President has announced his fourteen terms of peace and what he leadership.

The President has the democratic leadership.

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The President has as the democratic headership.

The President

centers the lugarity of repatriating the plant in the plant is not yet feasible, as bridges have been blown up and the railways and tramways are in no condition for use. Meanwhile a scheme for repatriation by sea is being considered.

FIRMS IS DECIDED UPON

which he had been chosen, but also that he inspired his messmates more easily to overcome the trials and tentatively adopted in relation to the

life insurance companies. The rates